SHIP IN STATELY PARADE.

guesta, that it is doubtful if many of the civio guests can receive them. The entire charge of the boxes containing the guests will be in the hands of George G. Haven, of the ball committee, assisted by about twenty men d-tailed from the floor committee. It has been decided to serve a buffet supper for the invited guests, who will number 1,000 persons. It was at first thought that all could be seated, but that was found to be impracticable. The supper will be served in the concert hall from the 8t. James Hotel. The buffet, which will extend around two sides of the room, will be handsomely decorated, the following menu has been prepared:

MENU. Chaud. Consomme de Volaille. Huitres a la Poulette. Roast beef a la gelee. Galantine de chapon. Langue de Boeuf a l'ecariate Gambon de York. Pain de foie a la Flamande. Poulet roti a la gelet. Squab au cresson. Salade de volaille. Mayonnaise de Homard. Glaces Tortoni Petits fours. Religieuses, Bouchees de dames. Champagne and Apollinaris.

The Entertainment Committee of One Hundred desiring to acted every factlity for the purchase of ball tickets has especially arranged with Brentano's, of Union Square, at No. 31 East Seventeenth.st., to keep open its establishment throughout to-day. This will enable visitors and purchasers to see the parade and teave them time for the purchase of tickets, which should not be too long deferred. Tickets will also be on sale at the box-office.

DINNER AT THE WALDORF.

THE ARRANGEMENTS NEARLY COMPLETE.

GUESTS WHO ARE EXPECTED TO-MORROW EVEN ING-MR. CLEVELAND WILL NOT BE PRESENT.

The special committee having charge of the arrangements for the dinner of the Chamber of Comperce, to be given to-morrow evening at the Waldorf the paval officers and other distinguished people, has held meetings every day this week, and has nearly completed its arrangements. The list of those who will be gresent is not fully arranged, but it is excted that about 400 will be there. The dinner will be held in the large dining-room fronting on Fifth-ave., which will be decorated with the flags of the nations represented.

The following is the list of teasts and the speakers who will propose them: "Germany," Joseph H. Choate; "Great Britaih," Bishop Henry C. Potter: "Brazil," Charles S. Fairchild, ex-Secretary of the Treasury: "Russia," ex-Judge Henry E. Howland: "Italy," B. Ellery Anderson; "Spain," General Horace Porter; "Argentine Republic," Elliu Root; "Nether-

lands," Frederic J. de Peyster; "France," Benjamin F. Tracy, ex-secretary of the Navy. Alexander E. Orr will preside. The list of naval sts invited is as follows: Secretary Herbert, Vice Admiral Sir John O. Hopkins, Vice-Admiral Kasnokoff, the Russian fleet; Rear-Admiral Bancroft Gherardi Rear-Admiral A. E. K. Benham, Rear-Admiral d'Abel an, of the French fleet; Rear-Admiral Magnagat, of the Italian fleet; Rear-Admiral J. G. Walker, Rear dmiral Gomez y Lono, Rear-Admiral Julio Caesar de Noronha, of the Brazilian flagship Aquidaban: Rear Admirel E. G. Howard, Neuve de Julio; Captain J. C. Watson, of the San Francisco; Captain M. Sicard, of the Miantonomoh; Captain Zelenol, of the Dimitri Donskoi; Cantain Beschrasoff, of the Russian warship General Adm.ral; Captain Silas Casey, of the Newark; Captain H. F. Picking, of the Charleston; Captain arfalt, of the Jean Bart; Captain William Des V. Hamilton, of the Blake; Captain F. J. Higginson, of he Atlanta; Captain G. W. Sumner, of the Baltimore; Captain W. A. Arriens, of the Van Speyk; Captain C. Holland, of the Australia; Captain W. R. Bridgman, chief of staff of the Philadelphia; Captain A. S. Barker, of the Philadelphia; Captain Sartoris, of the Etna: Captain de Libero, of the Giovanni Bausan A. de Krieger, of the Rynda; Captain J. P. Pipon, of the Magicienne; Captain Frank Wildes, of the wn; Commander Edwin White, of the Concord Rear Admiral Buchsel, of the Kalsern Augusta; Captal Kirchoff, of the Kalserin Augusta; Captain Benier, of the Arethuse; Commander Koellner, of the Seendler Bredford, of the Bennington; Lieutenan ander Sperry, of the Chicago; Captain Juan Garcia de la Vega, of the Infanta Ysabel ; Captain Jose Paredes, of the Reina Regente; Captain Rodrigo Gansad, of the caravel Pinta; Captain Victor Concas, of the caravel Santa Maria; Captain Juan Vignau, of the caravel Nina; Lieutenant Commander Asa Walker, of the

tenant Scaton Schroeler, of the Vesuvius; Flug Lieutenant W. P. Potter, of the Philadelphia; Flag-Lieutenan of the Russian warship Dimitri Ponskel; Flag-Lieu tenant William Killourn, of the Newark; Flag-Lieuten ant de Kotten, of the Arethuse; Flag Lieutenant Rol-dran, of the Infanta Ysabel; Flag-Lieutenant Basano, ing : Lieutenant Buckingham, of the Dolphin : Lieuten

Fleet, of the Tartar; Captain G. Giorelle, of the Do-

of the Etha', Licutenant F. F., Fetcher', St the Case ing; Licutenant Ruckinglam, of the Dolphin; Licutenant Ridgeley Hunt, secretary of the Philadelphia; ensign Edward E. Capehart, of the Chicago; the flag-lenterant of the Aquidatan, Easign W. H. Fanst, the secretaries of all the admirals of the flocts, Commander Goodrich, of the General Meigs; Commodore Erben, Commander J. W. Milier and Capinin Rogers. Resines the nava guests have been invited President Cleveland (who will not be present), Vice President Stevenson, Governor Flower, the Governor Ellinois, Mayor Gilroy, George B. McClellan, president of the Board of Aidermen; the German, Russian, Spanish, Brazilian and Argentine Ministers, Chauncey M. Depew, J. C. Soley, Controller Theodore W. Myers, General Louis Fitzgerald, Commander W. S. Schloy, Capitain Theodore F. Kane, General O. O. Howard, Adjutant General Josiah Porter, General Scofield and the Earl of Aberdeen.

The following will also be presets as gnests of members of the Chamber of Commerce: Commodore S. Nicholson Kane, M. C. D. Borden, George F. Fabyan, Of the New-York Ya R. C. Un; General Junes M. Varnum, A. Bierstatt, Thomas B. Clark, John A. Jarts, Colonei William Jay, Charles Isham, Henry Parish, John A. Stewart and J. einclair Armstrong.

ORDER OF THE LAND PARADE.

IT WILL BE REVIEWED AT THE CITY HALL-THOSE TO BE IN LINE.

The land parade will take place on Friday, starting at 10 o'clock a. m. from Forty-second-st. and Fifth-ave. The route will be down Fifth-ave. to Washing-Square, through Waverley Place to Broadway, down Broadway to the City Hall, where the entire command will pass before the Governor of the State, the Mayor of the city and the visiting officers, paying

them the bonor of a marching salute. The column will be as follows:

Mounted Police.

Details from the United States Army and Engineer Corps.

The Admirals of the American and Foreign Fleets, with their staffs and commanding officers, in carriages.

FIRST DIVISION. United States Sailors and Marines, SER OND DIVISION. Sailors and Marines of the Foreign Fleets. THIRD DIVISION.

THIRD DIVISION.

The Commander-in-Chief and Staff.
p.A. as personal excort, Brigadier-General Louis
tagerald and Staff. Signal Corps, Pirst Brigade.
Provisional Regiment, composed of 12 selected
companies from the State of New-York,
99th Regiment.
8th Regiment.
9th Regiment.
22th Regiment.
22th Regiment.
7th Regiment.
7th Regiment.
7th Regiment.
7tst Regiment.
7tst Regiment.
First Battery.
Second Battery.
Naval Reserves, State of New-York.

MESSAGES BROUGHT BY CARRIER FIGEONS. Hightstown, N. J., April 26.-Two carrier pigeon ed on the United States steamship Atlanta off long Branch on Tuesday, were received by their

They carried this message:
"Have liberated wenty birds this foretoon; nin o Atlantic City, seven to Woodbay, two to Philadel-

phia and two to Hightstown. SNOW.

"To Professor Marion, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md."

These birds are the contestants for the George W. Childs Naval prize, but the storm lowered their record which is 200 miles in 225 milestes.

HILL AND MURPHY WILL NOT BE HERE. Inquiry at the Hotel Normandle last evening re led the fact that Senator Hill has not arrived was not expected to be in New-York during the sbration. General Earle, the proprietor of the mandle, said that the Senator would not be here

Every man is made better by the possession of a good picture, if it is only a landscape on the back of a hundred-dollar note, and every one is fortunate who buys Old Dominion Cigar-

sarily one of the "big guts" has seized Mr. Hill's colleague, Senator Edward Murphy, jr. It was said last evening at the Hoffman House, where Senator Murphy stays, that no message from him ordering his rooms to be made ready had been received, as is the custom of the Senator when coming to New-York Snapper statesmen, who are informed in regard to Mr. Murphy's movements, said last evening that although a report was circulating that the senator was coming, he positively would not be here.

HE COULDN'T FIND THE DUKE

THE SPANISH CONSULGENERAL'S SEARCH

A COMEDY OF ERRORS ON THE RETURN OF

VERAGUA FROM WASHINGTON The Duke and Duchess of Veragua and their party eturned to New-York yesterday from Washing

where they have been since last Saturday. The left that city at 9:50 a.m., and travelled in the vestibuled car Haldee, attached to the Pennsylvania express A large crowd gothered to see them off, but no demonstration was made, Commander Dickins, who has been detailed to act as honorary escort to the Duke and his wife, accompanied them. Senators Sherman, Manderson, Morrill and Chandler and ex-

Speaker Reed were on the same train.

A peculiar fatality seems to attend the arrivals of the Duke in this city. The day he came in on the New-York was particularly disagreeable, and the transfer of the party to the steamer Blackbird, in cold drizzling rain, and the rather cheerless trip up bay to the city, were no proper omens of the welcome which awaited him. But this was nothing compared to yesterday's experiences.

It had been arranged that Arturo Baldasano, the Spanish Consul-General, should meet the Duke on his arrival and escort him to the warships and to the caravels. Mr. Baldasano understood that he was to meet the Duke at the Waldorf, and the Duke the Desbrosses-st, station of the Pennsylvania Rail road, and thereby hangs the tale.

Promptly at 2:30 p. m. Mr. Baldasano sat down in the parlor of the Waldorf to walt for his distinguished fellow-countryman, and almost exactly a that hour the Duke and his party sat down upon the ss comfortable seats in the ferry-house to wait for their escort. The minutes dragged slowly for both the Duke and Mr. Baldasano, and each wondered why the other did not come. Wonder soon changed to impatience on the part of the Ducal party, but still they stayed and studied the cracks in the floor and the advertisements on the walls of the station. Finally, however, it was decided that the women of he party, who were tired out with the long delay,

should go on to the hotel. One of the first persons they met on entering the Waldorf, about 4 o'clock, was Mr. Baldasane. Explanations were exchanged, and Mr. Baldasano started for the Deshrosses-st. station. The Ducal party had however become tired of waiting, and Commander Dickins had undertaker to put them on board the Spanish men-of-war. They hired carriages and drove to the pier at Twenty-fourth-st., and then to Thirtywithout finding a boat to take them out to the fleet. Finally, Commander Dickins saw a man-of-war's bont up the river. The carriages were driven at top speed to Thirty-seventh-st., where a boat belonging to the Miantonomoh was halled.

"Would they take the Nation's guest out to the

"Certainly." The Duke went on board the Spanish flagship, In fanta Ysabel, where a salute of fifteen guns was fired and the yards were manned in his honor. He also went on board the Reina Regente, where the same salute was fired, but the yards were not manned

because the Reina Regente is not rigged with yards. Failing to find the Luke at the Desbrosses-st. station, Mr. Baidasano concluded that he had gone to the hotel, and back he went with the speed of John Gilpin. The Duke had not been there. Then he must have gone to the ships, and its desperation Mr. Baidasano started for Ninety-sixth-st. and North River to try and get a boat. He caught the Biackbird—the same ill-omened vessel—going out to the caravels with members of the spanish colony. Just as Mr. Baidasano learred that the Duke had not been on board the caravels the booming of the gans down the river told the whole story. Then he gave up the chase, and went back to the city, saying that he would explain to the Duke in private.

It was not funny for Mr. Baidasano, and it was not funny for the Ducal party, but even those most inconvenienced may John in a grim smile at the ridiculousness of the Whole affair. secause the Reina Regente is not rigged with yards.

Frantz, of the Hussard: Commander H. L. galt; Captain Jose Pedal, of the Neeva Espana; Captain Menenzos, of the Tiradentes; Secretary Rowe, of

Portland, Me., April 26.-The Italian man-of-war Eridano sailed for New-York this afternoon.

MR. CHUGWATER ON PANICS.

From The Chicago Tribune.

"Josiah," inquired Mrs. Chugwater, as she poured the coffee, "what does it mean when the papers talk abou," the financial situation being strained and the money market unsettled, and all that sort of thing?"

"It means that there is an uneasy feeling about securities," answered Mr. Chugwater, reaching for another bisouit.

"It means that there is an uneasy feeling about securities." answered Mr. Chugwater, reaching for another bissuit.

"What does that mean?"

"Why, stocks and bonds—and—un—speculative values generally."

"What makes them have an uneasy feeling?"

"It's the operators, you understand, the financiers, that have that. When there comes a stringency in the money market—"

"In the money market Do they sell money?"

"They sell securities, which is about the same thing, only they fluctuate in value. The condition of the stock and bond market is an index of the financies! situation generally."

"I don't seem to understand it any better than I did before," said Mrs. Chugwater dubiously. "What is it that makes money scapre sometimes I Does the government quit making it?

"No. It's simply withheld from investment in ordinary speculative channels. It's withdrawn from circulation and hoarded up. Can you understand that?"

"Yyes, I suppose so. What does anybody want to withdraw it from circulation for, Joshah?"

"It's all a matter of public confidence," said Josiah, becoming slightly impatient. "When every-body has confidence in his fellow-men there's ho stringency. It's this ridiculous habit some people have," he went on, warnding with his subject, "of getting scared about nothing that makes panks, somebody has a little money in a bank. He begins to be afraid the bank isn't all right and he ges downtown to take it out. He tells some friend on the way down what he's going to do, and that friend tells somebody else, and it spreads, and the first thing you know there's a run on a perfectly sound hank, and all because some gourd-head hus lost confidence. And that reminds me," said Mr. Chugwater, checking lainself hurrhelly and looking at his watch, "that I've got about \$600 in old Gumbiling's bank that isn't any too safe. I'm going right downtown now, as quick as I can get there, to draw every cent of it out?"

And with nervous haste Mr. Chugwater put on his hat and oversoat, shot out through the front door, and half an hour later

"THE BILLVILLE BANNERS" NEW PRESS.

From The Atlanta Constitution.

We have bought a cylinder press, and our old handpress is for sale. It can be used either as a corn-shelter or a gridfron.

We have sent three alligators and a petrified nigger as fillwille's exhibit to the World's Fair. The nilgaer was lynched before he was petrified.

The Billwille postoffice is still seeking the man, and the man is still running away from it. It's \$6 and a government inspector every year.

We have received an invitation to spend the summer at a seaside hotel, and our wife has bought a quarter of a yard of blue flaunel to make bathing suits for the girls.

Telegraphic communication with Billville is off for the present, the women having cut the wires to make estholines with. Pashion is a terrible thing!

We hope that Jim Whitcomb Biley will come to Billville and give us a reading. We have lots of poets in Billville, but they have had no schooling and can't read at all.

Our oldest mule broke loose Friday night and is now on his way to Washiguton. We suspect that he is after a government pension, having thrown a Confederate during the war and brayed like thunder at the surrender. "THE BILLVILLE BANNER'S" NEW PRESS.

Weighed against that health it so often falls to buy Dross indeed. While we can none of us claim a total exemption from that greatest of all fils to which flesh is heir-ill health-we may do much to lessen the chances of sonitary measures as are to be found in dully exercise, wholeseme diet, but also by lessering to judicious pre-ventive medication when the system is threatened by un-hesithful influences. For instance, residents or solourn-ers in malarious localities should use Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a defence against chills and fever, and persons who incur much out-of-door exposure should employ it as a safeguard against rheumatism. Travellers in the tropics find it invaluable also as a means of arresting liver com-plaint and constipation, and counteracting the debilitating influence of a terrid climate.

THE LANSINGBURG STEAL.

MURPHY'S ELECTION METHODS ILLUS-TRATED.

HOW A REPUBLICAN MAJORITY OF 693 LAST YEAR WAS CONVERTED INTO AN ALLEGED DEMOCRATIC PLURALITY OF 548 THIS SPRING-LEAVE TO BEGIN QUO

GRANTED.

FROM THE REGULAR CORRESPONDENT OF THE TRIBUNG Albany, April 26.—The iniquity of the late election in Lansingburg was laid bare before Atterney-General Rosendale to-day in the course of an argument on an application for leave to begin quo warranto proseedings to oust James II. Hollen, the Democra who was fraudulently elected. Prosecutions of the Democratic repeaters will also follow in the courts of Rensselaer County. The Lansingburg suit should be watched by the veters of the whole State, for it is an illustration of the methods of Senator Edward Murphy, Jr., when he desires to carry a village or a county, and they are methods which will probably be followed, if possible, in Buffalo in the coming

fall election. Ex-Senator Albert C. Comstock, of Lansingburg, detailed to the Attorney-General the circumstances at tending the fraudulent election. A year ago the Democratic Legislature empowered the president of the village to appoint a Board of Pelice Commission the first time since 1867 the president happened to be a Democrat. Every year before his election the Republicans had elected their candidate by majorities ranging from 500 to 1,000. Democratic president of the village appointed a Police Board consisting of four Democrats and one Republican. But the "meat" of the act was the authority given to the board to appoint the election inspectors.

When the charter election in Lansingburg, on March 6, approached, Mr. Comstock, as chairman of the Republican Town Committee, submitted to the board of Police Commissioners a list of the men selected by that organization to act as inspectors of election. They were men whom the Republican party desired to have appointed to guard its interests. There was to be only one Republican inspector at each polling-place against two Democrats, although every one knew that the majority of the inhabitant town were Republicans. But the Democratic Board of Police Commissioners defiantly disregarded this request, and sppointed alleged Republicans. In fact, Democrats were appointed as election in-

spectors in the guise of Republicans. Upon election day the plot to disfranchise the Republicans was further disclosed. The Republican watchers were excluded from the polling-places, and gangs of Democratic repeaters from Troy and Albany were employed. What was planned was of course executed. A Republican majority of 693 at the village election of 1892 was converted into an

alleged Democratic plurality of 548.

Mr. Comstock read to the Attorney-General the following interesting letter sent to one of the Democratic members of the Board of Police Commissioners the day before the election: Lansinburg, March 4, 1893, William O'Connor, Police Commissioner:

William O'Connor, Police Commissioner:
You have spent the greater part of your life in this community, and have by your upright and honorable conduct carned for yourself the respect and confidure of your people. You have just been appointed to the office of Police Commissioner, and as such you have a voice in the appointment of inspectors of election and roll clarity for part Tanalog's shorter. poll clerks for next Tuesday's election.

The Republican Town Committee on Wednesday last served on Mr. Dennin, the chairman of your board, a list of the Republicans whose appointment as inspectors and poll cierks was urgently asked, one in each district.

lican candidate for president of the village, had at The table below shows the least 500 plurality. Republican votes which were cast, and those which

ı	were altowen.	
	Dr. Magoe's vote according to the property of	His vote according to the return 135 131 122 103 100 100 200 115
	Deduct alleged vote 1.877	T.028

. At the conclusion of the hearing Roswell A. Parmenter, of Troy, the counsel for the Democrats, deemed it good policy to say that he would not oppose the application, and accordingly Attorney General Rosendale granted it. The case will come up for trial at the September term of court.

GOVERNOR FLOWER TELLS WHY.

BE ADMITS BREAKING HIS PROMISE TO GRANT

A HEARING ON A BILL. A copy of a letter written by Governor Flower's private secretary on April 14, promising to give to the citizens of Buffalo a hearing on the Police bill before signing it, was handed to the Governor yesterday, and he was asked to explain why he signed it without giving the hearing when it had been amended by the addition of the outrageous clause giving the Controller the power to appoint Police

"Governor Flower is in receipt of your letter of the 13th Inst., and in response to your request directs me to reply that he will be pleased to give you a hearing upon the bill requiring the Police Commissioners to appoint additional sergeants, etc., when the same shall have reached the Executive Chamber."

Governor Flower answered that he signed the bill at once and refused the hearing because the circumhim. In the interval a bill had been passed vesting the appointment of Police Commissioners in the Mayor, President of the Board of Aldermen and Controller. The Mayor and his friends set out to million this law by suspending the President of the Board of Aldermen, and this course was felt by the members of the Legislature, among them Senator O'Connor, to be an insult to it and an attempt to defy the law. Therefore they passed an act taking from the Mayor all power on the subject, for it was evident that he was determined to disobey the mandate of the Legis-

This provision was tacked to the bill for additional sergeants, upon which he had promised to give a bearing. He would have been glad to give it had it been possible to do so and still rebuke the at-tempt of the Mayor to avoid complying with the law. The Mayor and his friends by their course had for-feited the right to a hearing on the bill, when to give the hearing would have enabled them to keep up their campaign of defiance of the Legislature.

In answering the question as to whether he sidered those bills conformed to his declarations in favor of home rule for cities, the Governor replied: "Have you heard them tolk about home rule for cities with regard to Yonkers? You of The Tribune have denounced my action there, but have those who are crying about home rule in Buffafte? I gave to Senator McClelland just as much by a bill I signed changing the charter of Yonkers as I did to members from Buffalo. You didn't hear Senator McClellund denouncing me then on the score of home rule. I re minded him of it a few days ago."

REPUBLICANS HEAR OF THEIR COUNTRY. The Twefity-third Ward Republican organization met crowded, and many women were present. Thomas J. Rush presided. Alonzo Bell delivered an address, en-titled "A Trip Across the Continent," which portrayed the marvellous development of the great North-

HODCMAN'S MACKINTOSHES

Essential to Health, and Fashionable. Adi. Fifth Ave. Hotel.

IRON, STEEL AND THE TARIFF.

UNWELCOME INFORMATION AWAITING THE SENATE FREE-TRADERS.

THINGS THEY ARE PRETTY SURE TO LEARN IF THEY GO TO PITTSBURG-BUT THEY WILL NOT GET BUSINESS SECRETS.

Pittsburg. April 22.-The appermest thought in the minds of the iron and steel manufacturers to-day is the tartff, and they are speculating on the action of the extra session of the Democratic Congress which is promised for early fall. The iron and steel nannfacturers have no organization, save a nominal union, for the purpose of gathering statistics, which are regularly made public in Mr. Swank's "Bulletin" are regularly made public in Mr. Swank's "Builetin" published in Philadelphia. Although there is much competition and cutting of rates, all beneficial to the consumer, yet leaving an exceedingly small margin of profit to 90 per cent of the manufacturers (the few big ones with their improved machinery getting the cream of the trade), the iron and steel men are a unit on the question of legislation.

Probably the main cause of the present slowness in the trade is due to fear of unfavorable revision of the tariff, and an accumulation of stocks is being carefully avoided. A precautionary measure, to which the workingmen will not object, will be the foser ion in the annual wage scale, to be debated six weeks hence, of a clause providing for its complete ment and rearrangement in the event of a reduction of the tariff.

The policy of revenge adopted by the Free-Traders appears to be directed particularly against the iron and steel trade. Imbued with the erroneous idea that there is something which the manufacturers de sire to conceal, an investigation of the cost of iron and steel products was proposed by Senator Mc-Pherson at the late extra session of the Senate. At the same time there was some hesitancy on the part of the Democratic Senators to start the investigation, and Congressman Oates, of Alabama, a member of their own party, could have consistently advised them to let the matter severely alone, for the Colonel has had some experience in this line, and the result opened his Southern eyes to the amount of the wages paid in the tariff-protected fron and steel mills

the North, Pittsburg particularly.

The resolution was not reported to the Senate until April 5 and then it was laid over, and Colonel Oates, down in his Alabama home, must have heaved temporary sigh of relief, for he had once fooled with the buzz-saw of Protection and he was minus one important argument when he had fluished. He was chairman of the sub-committee of the House Com-mittee which rushed out to Pittsburg last July determined to work the "Homestrad racket" for all it was worth, and yet after its long and timid delays in making a report confined itself to the one-sided issue of l'inkertonism and said nothing about the enormous wages paid. Colonel Oates was honest enough to tell a Pittsburg reporter on his return to Washington that he was "simply astounded" at the wages paid in the Iron and steel mills.

If a sub-committee of the Senate Committee comes out to Pittsburg next fall to go over the same ground the Democratic majority will not have any served on Mr. Dennin, the chairman of your board, a list of the Republicans whose appointment as impactors and poll clerks was urgently asked, one in each district. The request has thus far been ignored, and the Republicans have reason to fear that there is no intention to grant the same, but that, on the contrary, arrangements have been made to appoint other and entirely different persons, who are very objectionable to Republicans and very acceptable to Democrats. We protest against this as unfair, and insist that Regublicans should have the right of selection, and, in any event, none should be appointed who are not known to be outand-out Republicans.

There is no occasion for the appointment of obscure and unknown men. This town is full of good business men of known integrity and fairness, who are members of our party, and we respectfully urge that you use your influence in said board and with your associates to accomplish this act of simple justice, and progenit the consummation of a wrong which is wholly unselled for if an honest election is desired. A. C. COMNTOCK.

Mr. Comstock further made affidavit that the Board of Folice Commissioners ignored this request and it secret session appointed inspectors of election and poil clerks at 10 o'clock the night before election.

But by far the most interesting bk of Mr. Comstock's evidence was his statement regarding the voluntary affidavits of 1.377 Republicans that they would not be provided that the consumers of the protective system with the voluntary affidavits of 1.377 Republicans that they would not be provided that the consumers a gradual decline from \$250\$ to the workers in iron and steel, the rades of the hillory of the sizel rail trade, one completely independent of the protective system with the voluntary affidavits of 1.377 Republicans that they would not be appointed to the provided that the consumers of the protective system with the voluntary affidavits of 1.377 Republicans that they would not be appointed to the provided that the constitution of t abor trouble to blind the cutire country to the real question at issue. What will they say to a roller

in three good points when he told the committeement that the McKinley bill had not raised the turiff on the articles on which wages were reduced, and on some the turiff was lowered; that despite the reducition, affecting only \$25 of 800 employes, the ment would have made more money, because the new automatic machinery, without increase of labor, would have doubled the product and the men were paid by the ton, and that Homestead wages were paid by the ton, and that Homestead wages were paid by the ton, and that Homestead wages were to find in a steel mills.

Mr. Frick was more recently jut as firm in declining to answer certain questions propounded by the Census Bureau as he was in refusing to told My. Cens the coast of meding a ten of hillets. Some Hitsburg dispatches to Democratic newspapers have tred to create a sensation by attributing the delay in the publication of the manufacturer to every one file manufacturers for they are a unit on this question. They decline to answer certain questions included in the printed blanks, because it would lay have the business of each manufacturer to every one of his competitors. They do not think the shout be expected of them any more than a demand in the dry goods trade on each merchant separately to reduce the husiness of each manufacturer to every one of the competitors. They do not think the shout be expected of them any more than a demand in the dry goods trade on each merchant separately to reduce the husiness of each manufacturer to every one of the competitors. They do not think the shout be appeared to the first way, the man's comredes caught his less and palled him out, almost hilling him. Both his arms burled of in the printed blanks, because it would lay have the business of each manufacturer to every one of the learn of the manufacturer to every one of the learn of the manufacturer to every one of the learn of the manufacturer to every one of the learn of the manufacturer to every one of the learn of the lea

WOULD YOU?

From The San Francisco Examiner.

"Children are quier," said one of them, "You never can tell about 'em. Not long ago I went after a little girl to take her to our institution. She was a queer, wild little thing, and no one could do a thing with her. I didn't like the looks of her myself, she had a hard face and an impadent little month. She had only a few things of her own, and I packed them in my trunk.

When we had been on the train a little while I noticed that she kept putting her hand fortively into her pocket, as if she had something hidden and wanted to see if it was all right. I warched her do this every once in a while, and at last I said:

"Anna, what have you got in your pocket?"

"Her face crimsoned. 'Nothin',' she said.
"She acted so queer that I began to think of the stories they had told me about her. "Show me what you have there.' I said.

"Nothin', she said again, looking me defiantly in the face."

"Nothin," she said again, tooking me denaming in the face.
"I argued with her a long time and at last I made her take the mysterious thing out of her pocket. It was an odd, little, clausey bundle and I hated to open it for fear I should find a stolen piece of lewelry or rare trinket of some sort. I unwraped fold after fold of dirty cloth. In the centre I found—what do you think!"
"A pleture," said the other woman.
"No."

"No." A purse?"
"No: a little, old, dirty sugar heart, tied with a piece of fided ribbon.
"Pres had it since I was little,' sobbed the child, and martinia used to give 't to me to play with when I was good. She had it when she was little and she used to go to bed alone if her mother'd let her have it for company."
"What did you do with the dirty thing?" said the other woman; "throw it away?"
The first woman didn't answer for a minute. Then she said:

The first woman didn't answer for a minute. Then she said:

"Wolfied you have thrown it away?"

"Yes," said the other, firmily, "I would. I've managed children a lone time, and, I tell you, you can't do a bing with them unless you make them understand they've got to mind."

"You're one of the directors of the big orphans' home, aren't you?" said the first woman, speaking very slowly.

"Yes, I am," said the other.

"I thought so." And the first woman stopped the car and got out at the very next crossing.

THE TREES WORE TROUSERS.

From Quips.

Tom, who had been forbidden to climb frees in his new transers, had disobered, and was receiving a lecture from his father for injuring his clothing. Fearing that a flogging was to follow, Tom sought to create a diversion.

"Pa." he exclaimed, "my teacher says some plants are masculine gender and some fendalne. Now, I know which trees are, do you?"

The father's curiosity was excited, he was fairly tracped. "No," he said, "I certainly do not; which are they?" "Mesculine," said Tom, "'curse they wear boy'
trousers," and for that time he escaped.

Medical Writers

admit all the remarkable qualities of the gen-nine imported Carlsbad Snrudel Salt as an aperient, laxative and diuretic. The great fame of the wonderful Carlsbad Sprudel Spring is due to real worth. Be sure and secure only the genuine. EISNER & MENDELSON CO., Sole Agents, 152 and 154 Franklin-st., New-York, on every bottle. Look out for imitations.

BUCHANAN FOUND GUILTY.

THE JURY OUT TWENTY-EIGHT HOURS.

PROTERTION

Farrington and W. H. Stewart, had been hastily sent

for to attend the sick juror, who had been taken to a room in the hotel in almost an uncenscious condi-

tion. When the physicians arrived they found him

suffering from nervous prostration brought on by the

For over two hours the physicians worked over the

rumored that the jury had reached a verdict, and

were only prevented from coming into court with it

by the sudden illness of Mr. Paradise. At the time Dr. Stewart made his report to the Recorder he said

that Mr. Paradise was sleeping under the influence of

morphine, but he, the physician, thought he would be able to come into court before midnight.

Under these circumstances Recorder Smyth de

elded to keep court open and await the recovery of

Mr. Paradise. The eleven other members of the jury

made themselves as comfortable as they could about

At 11 o'clock Mr. Paradise had so far recovered that

ord was sent to the court that the jury was ready

11:13 o'clock when the twelve men filed into the court

room and took their places in the jury box. The de-

fendant was called to the bar and then the names of

the jurers were called. Buchanan glanced but once

at the men who were to decide his fate. There was

nothing to indicate what the verdict was and the jury

When the Recorder asked the jury if they had

agreed upon a verdict, the foreman arose and replied:
"We have." Before receiving the verdict, Recorder

Smyth said: "Gentlemen, I have learned that one of

your number has suddenly been overcome by fil-ness. I have, in the presence of bota the counsel for the defendant and the District-Attorney, received

the physician's report of the sick man's condition

and I am satisfied that he is now in a mental con-

I think it safer for you to again retire and consult

purpose you can use my private room."

In accordance with these instructions the jury re-

minutes, and at 11:27 o'clock returned and took their

As Dr. Euchanan listened to the ominous words

which meant a disgraceful death to him, his face

flushed and then paled. He cast an appealing lock at the jury and then sank into a chair beside his

After the verdict Mr. Brooke filed a protest against

mentally incapacitated by illness and that the verdict

should not be accepted by the Court. This protest

was filed and then Mr. Brooke gave the customary

of the people for their work on the case, and that

their verdict was in the opinion of the Court a just

One. Buchanan was taken back to the Tombs.

The jurors went to breakfast at 7:30 o'clock, being

escorted to the Actor House by four court officers.
When Recorder Smyth reached the General Sessions

They filed into the courtroom and asked to hear what

HONORING THE MEMORY OF GOETHE.

at the Proposick Hotel, where the fourth annual din-

ican womanhood in his address, "The Gentle Sex."

A RIVER CUTTING A NEW CHANNEL. St. Joseph, Mo., April 26.-There is grave danger that St. Joseph may soon be cut off from the Missouri River and that the million-dollar bridge, across which

be city and the Government has had a flect at work protect the lanks. Yesterday the waters cut

through lack of the Government work and the banks are crumbling at a rapid rate, less than an eighth of

a mile now separating the two channels. Should the river cut through, st. Joseph's sewerage will be churchy insperative.

AN ATTEMPT TO KIDNAP A COLORED HEIRESS.

Baltimore, April 26.-Dunbar Walton, colored, alias

Jacob Calhoon, and Louis E. Frank, both of Georgia, were locked up yesterday charged with attempting to hidnap Mamie Toomer, an heiress and daughter of

Nathan Toomer, a wealthy colored resident of Georgia. Calhoun afterward furnished \$2,500 ball and was re-

leased. The attempted abduction was most during, including a bribe offered Squire John Gensler to issue

a fictitious summons for the appearance of the girl at

court, when the two men purposed carrying the girl off, as her father says, for immoral purposes. The

girl whom it is alleged Calhoun and Frank attempted to kidnap is at St. Francis Colored Catholle Orphan Asylum and Academy. A writ of habeas corpus for her release from the asylum has been sent out.

HE LIKED THE DAUGHTER OF THE LORD.

HE LIKED THE DAUGHTER OF THE LORD.

From The Old Confederate.

During the summer of 1864, while the hospitals in Richmond were crowded with wounded, the ladies of the city visited them daily, carrying with them delicacles of every hind, and vied with each other in their efforts to comfort and cheer up the wounded. On one occasion, a bright-eyed damsel of about seventeen summers was distributing flowers and speaking tender words of encouragement to those around her, when she overheard a young officer, who was suffering from his wounds, exclaim: "Oh, my Lord!" Approaching him rather thinkily in order to rebuke bys profaulty, she said: "I think I heard you call upon the name of the Lord. I am one of His daughters. Is there anything I can ask Him for

turned at 11:20 6'clock. They were gone but

"Gentlemen, what is your verdict,!"

Murder in the first degree."

"Guilty," was the reply of the foreman.
"In what degree?"

counsel and listened as the jury were polled.

accordance with the law; that one of the

notice of appeal.

to come in and announce their verdict.

the corridors of the hotel.

hardly looked at the prisoner.

mental strain of the trial. His business had been

ruined by his inability to attend to it.

43d St., New York, offers an im-ONE OF THEIR NUMBER SUCCUMBS TO NERVOUS

proved scientific treatment for the cure of liquor, morphine, cocaine The jury in the trial of Dr. Robert W. Buchanan and tobacco diseases. brought in a verdict of murder in the first degree shortly before 11:30 o'clock last night. It had re-tired at 7:30 o'clock the night before. All of yes-terday Part III of General Sessions was filled with a Each case treated individually by physicurious crowd. A break occurred in the long monot-

cians of high standing, with regard to the physical peculiarities of the patient. ony at 8:30 o'clock last night, when word was brought into court that Hartly M. Paradise, the sixth juror, and suddenly been taken seriously ill while at dinner Not a single failure or unfavorable at the Astor House. Two physicians, Drs. W. H

All desire for liquor permanently removed.

The Empire Institute, 146 West

physical result has occurred. No detention from business is necessary. Call and witness treatment. Highest references.

DIRECTORS: JAMES R. PITCHER, A. D. CHAND. LER. PAUL WILSON, W. L. GOSS, H. COURT. sick man. Dr. Stewart shortly before 11 o'clock left the Astor House and went over to court, where he explained to Recorder Smyth and the counsel the condition of Mr. Paradise. At that time it was

you?" A hasty glance upon her lovely face and perfect form caused his countenance to brighten, as he instantly replied; "Yes, please ask Him to make me His son-in-law."

CATHARINE II AS A JOURNALIST.

HER ADVICE TO WRITERS PRINTED MORE THAN A CENTURY AGO.

In the galaxy of famous women, writers of histor ave long since placed Catharine II of Russin. Although her character and works have been the subject of investigation by countless authors, new facts regarding her are continually coming to light. That she was an author of no mean parts is known to students of Russian history; but the fact that she was a journalist also is less familiar. According to the "Berliner Tageblatt," a member of the Imperial Russian Historical Society recently published a paper upon her newspaper work. "The journal," says the article, "for which Em-

press Catharine used her pen was the Comrade of the Friends of the Russian Language,' founded by her friend the Princess Deschkoff in 1783. Her contributions, which appeared in feuilleton form, were written under the heading, Truth and Fancy (Waterheit und Dichtung), a title which certainly was known to Goethe. form was much like our modern reviews, and was conducted on similar lines. The literary nature of the Empress is shown also in her later withdrawal from the paper—on account of disagreements with the publishers. She at least gave this as a reason for dition to perform his duty, but under all conditions, her withdrawal from journalism, although rumors at the time said that it was due to her affection for together before you give your verdict. For this the handsome Lanskoel, who was then her favorite. The latest article which she wrote for the 'Comrade' was, too, her journalistic testament. The principles to which she there gave expression are as true now as on the day they were written. One article ran

"I leave my domain, Truth and Fancy, to any one who wishes it, on the condition that he who does accept it continue to write without exaggerated phrases and without pretending to be bent to earth under a great weight of thought. " He must always use short, clear sentences, rather

than long and involved ones. "'Use Russian words in preference to those of foreign origin. Why should we borrow from the language of our neighbors? Is our tongue not rich

the verdict, stating that owing to the illness of one of the jurors the verdiet was not a proper one or in " Do not be tedlous, and above all do not attempt to be clever at the wrong place and time. "'Do not "run after" the spiritual and comical.

" One should never use crutches when the legs will do their own work; that is, avoid pompous and swollen words when simple words have more dignity, Recorder Smyth then remanded Buchanan back usefulness and beauty. to the Tombs and discharged the jury. In doing so he said that the men of the jury deserved the Ihanks ".Where it is necessary to draw the moral from the

story, do so with spirit and without tediousness. ·Heavy, deep thoughts should be made as light "Heavy, deep thoughts should be made as light as possible. They should be expressed clearly, so that the ordinary reader can grasp them.
"It is desirable that the author disappear as completely as possible, and that the reader only think of his work; it is not necessary that his motions be always seen and his words always heard.

"I write these words in the full possession of all my faculties."

"From the sarcastic remark at the end of the article, it is easily seen that the praiseworthy principles of the Empress were not generally followed at the time she wrote them."

building at 10 o'clock he was told that there was no likelihood that the jury would agree soon. He therefore went to his office in the Potter Building. At 11:15 o'clock the jurers sent word to him that they wished to hear some of the testimony again.

THE GEN OF ORVIETO.

Dr. McIntyre, Mr. and Mrs. Warren and Dr. Thomson and said. The stenographer, P. P. McLoughlin, arose to read the evidence of Dr.McIntyre. Juror No. 11, From The Worcester Spy.

How came this magnificent building in this little foriorn bilitop town? It commemorates the Miracle of Bolsena, and the legend runs thus: A young Bohemian priest who doubted the dogma of transubstantiation, while celebrating mass in his church at Bolsena, was astonished to see blood issue from five cuts in the wafer. The worshippers also saw it drop on the linen altar cloth. This confirmed his faith in the dogma, and he hastened to Orvicto, twelve miles distant to carry the tidings of the miracle to From The Worcester Spy. Thomas E. Franceville, superintendent, at No. 220 West Twenty-third-st., who lives at No. 244 Eighthave., said he wanted particularly to hear about the symptoms of Mrs. Buchman in her dying hours. It was understood that Franceville alone favored an acquittal. Jurer No. 9. Clifferd P. Seagraves, salesman, at No. 43 Leonardst., who lives at No. 412 St. Nicholasaye, was said to be for a verdict of murder. on the linen altar cloth. This continuous in activities the dogma, and he hastened to Orvieto, twelve miles distant, to carry the tidings of the miracle to Urban IV, then exiled in the Papal palace. This Pope had previously put forth a bull for the strict observance of the Corpus Christi festival, and halfed this miracle as confirmation. Without delay he ordered the building of the cathedral as a perpetual memorial. He sent for Lorenzo Maltani, the great architect, who had built the cathedral at Slena, and the cornerstone was laid in November, 1290. Masons, stoneculters, sculptors and mosale workers by the hundred were gathered from all parts of Italy, and in twenty years mass was read within its walls, but the work went on for two centuries more. Some of these carvers are known to have received but 10 cents a day.

THE TRADE IN CHICAGO.

cents a day.

Chicago, April 16 (Special).—Wheat was weak to-day, particularly weak for May. The latter declined almost a cent. July, after a little strength early, lost its fructional advance and closed a shade under Tuesday. Reports of numerous failures through the West, some of them very large, were a factor. July was somewhat affected by the decline in May. It was also weakened by news from Paris that cloudy conditions over the country promised a breaking up of the long-drawn-out Continental dreath. Paris quotations showed a decline almost equivalent to a cent a bushel, and just before the constitution of the State that needed storms the most-Kansas. West and Southwest to be stormy, with the single exception of the State that needed storms the most-Kansas. The weekly crop bulletins were rather more favorable than expected concerning the Western and Southwestern States, bus without exception declared the Northwest seeding to be late and the conditions to be still unfavorable. May sold between 72's and 71's and closed at 71's, July, between 74's and 74's and closed at 74's. At hight on the curb puts were 73's-47's, can find the curb puts were 73's-47's, can core weather and on some references in the weekly cropulletins to loss in the planting from the cold and wet. Prices, however, sooh lost their early strength, the May discount widened out a little, and the last prices were funder Tuesday. May most of the day was 2's cent under Tuesday. May most of the day was 2's cent under Tuesday. May most of the day was 2's cent under the July. The latter sold between 74's and 20's and closed at 29 cents. The strength came from report from different States of the rotting of ords in the planting from the cold and wet. Prices however, sooh lost their early strength, the May discount widened out a little, and the last prices were under Tuesday. May most of the day was 2's cents under the July. The latter sold between 74's and 610's and closed at 43's-43's cents. May cabsumpted the first of the first of the first of the fir the next cet be recognized his brother Philip, whom he had not seen in years. Philip is suffering from a fractured skull. The praises of Germany's uncrowned laureate, Goethe, were echoed last evening around five tables A. M. Palmer presided, and there were a number of well-known actors and literary men present. Thaddens B. Wakeman told of "The Poet's Legacy"; Dr. William Tod Helmuth spoke of "The Disappointed ciety in New York Life," and Ashbel P. Fitch, with the grace of a cavalier, paid his compliments to Amer-Chauncey M. Depew, who expected to be present, was unable to attend. Some of those present were: John A. Sleicher, A. B. de Frece, General Varian, Mrs. John Elderkin and W. S. Andrews.

CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. | CLOSING PRICES OF CALIFORNIA STOCKS. | San Francisco, April 20, 1888. | Yesterday. To-day. | T the Rock Island and Union Pacific runs, will be left spanning a lagoon. For several years the river has been cutting across the narrow neck of land above

> Driving the Brain at the expense of the Body.
> While we drive
> the brain we
> must build up
> the body. Exercise, pure air of the Body. ercise, pure air

-feods that make healthy flesh-refreshing sleep-such are methods. When loss of flesh, strength and nerve become apparent your physician will doubtless tell you that the quickest builder of all three is

of Cod Liver Oil, which note creates flesh of and in itself; stimulates the appetite for of